UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS REVISIONS
2022 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
House Sponsor: Walt Brooks
LONG TITLE
Committee Note:
The Retirement and Independent Entities Interim Committee recommended this bill.
Legislative Vote: 11 voting for 0 voting against 4 absent
General Description:
This bill modifies the Utah State Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>requires a participating employer to certify each employee's status for retirement</li> </ul>
benefits;
<ul> <li>provides the time period for which a retiree's retirement allowance is cancelled due</li> </ul>
to a violation of the earnings limitation for a part-time appointed or elected board
member;
<ul> <li>aligns the time period for determining final average salary with the time period for</li> </ul>
calculating years of service credit;
<ul> <li>adds the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety and the executive</li> </ul>
director of the Department of Corrections to the definitions of public safety service
employee;
• clarifies when an elected official who is initially elected to office on or after July 1,
2011, may continue to participate in a retirement plan in which the elected official
had previously accrued service credit;



28	<ul> <li>provides that a full-time Tier II employee who begins employment with an</li> </ul>
29	institution of higher education and has previously accrued service credit has a
30	one-time irrevocable election to continue participation in the Utah Retirement
31	Systems;
32	<ul> <li>provides that a member who exempts from participation in the Utah Retirement</li> </ul>
33	Systems is exempt from earning years of service credit during the period of
34	exemption;
35	<ul> <li>permits a public safety service employee who is promoted to certain administrative</li> </ul>
36	positions to continue participation in a public safety retirement system while the
37	employee remains employed with the same department;
38	<ul> <li>permits a fire department chief to exempt from participation in the New Public</li> </ul>
39	Safety and Firefighters Tier II Contributory Retirement Act; and
40	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
41	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
42	None
43	Other Special Clauses:
44	This bill provides a special effective date.
45	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
46	AMENDS:
47	49-11-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 141
48	49-11-1207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 141
49	49-12-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
50	49-13-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
51	49-14-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 227
52	49-14-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 344
53	49-15-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 227
54	49-15-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 344
55	49-16-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 349
56	49-22-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
57	49-22-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 24
58	49-22-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 24 and 365

	49-22-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 64 and 382
	49-22-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 227
	49-23-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 180
	49-23-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 315 and 463
	49-23-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 24
	49-23-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 437
Ве	e it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 49-11-603 is amended to read:
	49-11-603. Participating employer to report and certify Time limit Penalties
fo	r failure to comply.
	(1) As soon as administratively possible, but in no event later than 30 days after the
en	d of each pay period, a participating employer shall report and certify to the office:
	(a) the eligibility for service credit accrual of:
	(i) each current employee;
	(ii) each new employee as the new employee begins employment; and
	(iii) any changes to eligibility for service credit accrual of each employee;
	(b) the compensation of each current employee eligible for service credit; and
	(c) other factors relating to the proper administration of this title as required by the
ex	ecutive director.
	(2) (a) Each participating employer shall submit the reports required under Subsection
(1)	) in a format approved by the office.
	(b) Each participating employer shall include in the reports a certification, for each
en	nployee, whether the employee is:
	(i) an eligible employee who is accruing service credit;
	(ii) an ineligible employee who may not accrue service credit;
	(iii) a reemployed retiree; or
	(iv) an employee who is eligible for employer contributions to a defined contribution
pla	an administered under this title.
	(3) A participating employer shall be liable to the office for:
	(a) any liabilities and expenses, including administrative expenses and the cost of

90 increased benefits to employees, resulting from the participating employer's failure to correctly 91 report and certify records under this section; 92 (b) a penalty equal to the greater of: 93 (i) \$250; or 94 (ii) 50% of the total contributions for the employees for the period of the reporting 95 error; and 96 (c) attorney fees. 97 (4) The executive director may waive all or any part of the interest, penalties, expenses, 98 and fees if the executive director finds there were extenuating circumstances surrounding the 99 participating employer's failure to comply with this section. 100 (5) The office may estimate the length of service, compensation, or age of any 101 employee, if that information is not contained in the records. 102 Section 2. Section 49-11-1207 is amended to read: 103 49-11-1207. Postretirement reemployment -- Violations -- Penalties. 104 (1) (a) If the office receives notice or learns of the reemployment of a retiree in 105 violation of Section 49-11-1204 or 49-11-1205, the office shall: 106 (i) immediately cancel the retiree's retirement allowance; 107 (ii) keep the retiree's retirement allowance cancelled for the remainder of the calendar 108 year if the reemployment with a participating employer exceeded the limitation under 109 Subsection 49-11-1205(1)(a)(iii)(A) [or], (3)(b), or (4)(b); and 110 (iii) recover any overpayment resulting from the violation in accordance with the provisions of Section 49-11-607 before the allowance may be reinstated. 111 112 (b) Reinstatement of an allowance following cancellation for a violation under this 113 section is subject to the procedures and provisions under Section 49-11-1204. 114 (2) If a retiree or participating employer failed to report reemployment in violation of 115 Section 49-11-1206, the retiree, participating employer, or both, who are found to be

responsible for the failure to report, are liable to the office for the amount of any overpayment resulting from the violation.

(3) A participating employer is liable to the office for a payment or failure to make a

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- (3) A participating employer is liable to the office for a payment or failure to make a payment in violation of this part.
  - (4) If a participating employer fails to notify the office in accordance with Section

121	49-11-1206, the participating employer is immediately subject to a compliance audit by the
122	office.
123	Section 3. Section 49-12-102 is amended to read:
124	49-12-102. Definitions.
125	As used in this chapter:
126	(1) (a) "Benefits normally provided"[: (a)] means a benefit offered by an employer,
127	including:
128	(i) a leave benefit of any kind;
129	(ii) insurance coverage of any kind if the employer pays some or all of the premium for
130	the coverage;
131	(iii) employer contributions to a health savings account, health reimbursement account
132	health reimbursement arrangement, or medical expense reimbursement plan; and
133	(iv) a retirement benefit of any kind if the employer pays some or all of the cost of the
134	benefit[; and].
135	(b) "Benefits normally provided" does not include:
136	(i) a payment for social security;
137	(ii) workers' compensation insurance;
138	(iii) unemployment insurance;
139	(iv) a payment for Medicare;
140	(v) a payment or insurance required by federal or state law that is similar to a payment
141	or insurance listed in Subsection (1)(b)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv);
142	(vi) any other benefit that state or federal law requires an employer to provide an
143	employee who would not otherwise be eligible to receive the benefit; or
144	(vii) any benefit that an employer provides an employee in order to avoid a penalty or
145	tax under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Pub. L. No. 111-148 and the Health
146	Care Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-152, and related federal
147	regulations, including a penalty imposed by Internal Revenue Code, Section 4980H.
148	(2) (a) "Compensation" means[, except as provided in Subsection (2)(e),] the total
149	amount of payments made by a participating employer to a member of this system for services
150	rendered to the participating employer, including:
151	(i) bonuses;

152	(ii) cost-of-living adjustments;
153	(iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to social
154	security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to
155	deduction under social security law;
156	(iv) amounts that the member authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral
157	or other benefits authorized by federal law; and
158	(v) member contributions.
159	(b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
160	under Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(a)(17).
161	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
162	(i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence or use of
163	equipment;
164	(ii) the cost of any employment benefits paid for by the participating employer;
165	(iii) compensation paid to a temporary employee, an exempt employee, or an employee
166	otherwise ineligible for service credit;
167	(iv) any payments upon termination, including accumulated vacation, sick leave
168	payments, severance payments, compensatory time payments, or any other special payments;
169	(v) any allowances or payments to a member for costs or expenses paid by the
170	participating employer, including automobile costs, uniform costs, travel costs, tuition costs,
171	housing costs, insurance costs, equipment costs, and dependent care costs; or
172	(vi) a teacher salary bonus described in Section 53F-2-513.
173	(d) The executive director may determine if a payment not listed under this Subsection
174	(2) falls within the definition of compensation.
175	(3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest
176	five years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(3)(a), (b), (c),
177	(d), and (e)] (3)(b), (c), (d), (e), and (f).
178	[(a)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection $[(3)(b)]$ (3)(c), the percentage increase in
179	annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's

compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the

of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.

purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau

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183 [(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation 184 to the office, the limitation in Subsection [(3)(a)] (3)(b) may be exceeded if: 185 (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or 186 (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position. 187 [<del>(c)</del>] (d) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of 188 employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay 189 from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes 190 of computing the member's final average salary only. 191 [<del>(d)</del>] (e) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final 192 average salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full 193 period of service credit. 194 [<del>(e)</del>] (f) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based 195 on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years 196 of service credit in accordance with Subsection (7). 197 (i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an 198 educational institution; or 199 (ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution. 200 (4) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation 201 requirements of Sections 49-12-201 and 49-12-202. 202 (5) (a) "Regular full-time employee" means an employee: 203 (i) whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates continued 204 employment during a fiscal or calendar year [and]; 205 (ii) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week, 206 except as modified by the board[-]; and (iii) who receives benefits normally provided by the participating employer. 207 208 (b) "Regular full-time employee" includes: 209 (i) a teacher whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates 210 continued employment during a school year and who teaches half-time or more; 211 (ii) a classified school employee: 212 (A) who is hired before July 1, 2013; and

(B) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for

214	a participating employer, regardless of benefits provided;
215	(iii) an officer, elective or appointive, who earns \$500 or more per month, indexed as
216	of January 1, 1990, as provided in Section 49-12-407;
217	(iv) a faculty member or employee of an institution of higher education who is
218	considered full-time by that institution of higher education; and
219	(v) an individual who otherwise meets the definition of this Subsection (5) who
220	performs services for a participating employer through a professional employer organization or
221	similar arrangement.
222	(c) "Regular full-time employee" does not include a classified school employee:
223	(i) (A) who is hired on or after July 1, 2013; and
224	(B) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer
225	even if the employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for a
226	participating employer;
227	(ii) (A) who is hired before July 1, 2013;
228	(B) who did not qualify as a regular full-time employee before July 1, 2013;
229	(C) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer;
230	and
231	(D) whose employment hours are increased on or after July 1, 2013, to require an
232	average of 20 hours per week or more for a participating employer; or
233	(iii) who is a person working on a contract:
234	(A) for the purposes of vocational rehabilitation and the employment and training of
235	people with significant disabilities; and
236	(B) that has been set aside from procurement requirements by the state pursuant to
237	Section 63G-6a-805 or the federal government pursuant to 41 U.S.C. Sec. 8501 et seq.
238	(6) "System" means the Public Employees' Contributory Retirement System created
239	under this chapter.
240	(7) "Years of service credit" means:
241	(a) a period consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board;
242	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
243	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time
244	the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating

245	employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as
246	provided by this chapter; or
247	(c) the regular school year consisting of not less than eight months of full-time service
248	for a regular full-time employee of an educational institution.
249	Section 4. Section 49-13-102 is amended to read:
250	49-13-102. Definitions.
251	As used in this chapter:
252	(1) "Benefits normally provided" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that
253	term is defined in Section 49-12-102.
254	(2) (a) [Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), "compensation"] "Compensation"
255	means the total amount of payments made by a participating employer to a member of this
256	system for services rendered to the participating employer, including:
257	(i) bonuses;
258	(ii) cost-of-living adjustments;
259	(iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to social
260	security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to
261	deduction under social security law; and
262	(iv) amounts that the member authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral
263	or other benefits authorized by federal law.
264	(b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
265	under Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(a)(17).
266	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
267	(i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence or use of
268	equipment;
269	(ii) the cost of any employment benefits paid for by the participating employer;
270	(iii) compensation paid to a temporary employee, an exempt employee, or an employee
271	otherwise ineligible for service credit;
272	(iv) any payments upon termination, including accumulated vacation, sick leave
273	payments, severance payments, compensatory time payments, or any other special payments;
274	(v) any allowances or payments to a member for costs or expenses paid by the

participating employer, including automobile costs, uniform costs, travel costs, tuition costs,

276 housing costs, insurance costs, equipment costs, and dependent care costs; or 277 (vi) a teacher salary bonus described in Section 53F-2-513. 278 (d) The executive director may determine if a payment not listed under this Subsection 279 (2) falls within the definition of compensation. 280 (3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest 281 three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(3)(a), (b), (c),282 and (d) (3)(b), (c), (d), and (e). 283 [<del>(a)</del>] (b) Except as provided in Subsection [<del>(3)(b)</del>] (3)(c), the percentage increase in 284 annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the 285 286 purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau 287 of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board. 288 [(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the office, the limitation in Subsection [(3)(a)] (3)(b) may be exceeded if: 289 290 (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or 291 (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position. [<del>(c)</del>] (d) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of 292 293 employment and for purposes of computing the member's final average salary only, the 294 member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay from the date of 295 the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement. 296 [<del>(d)</del>] (e) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years 297 298 of service credit in accordance with Subsection (7). 299 (i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an 300 educational institution; or 301 [(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.] 302 (4) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation 303 requirements of Sections 49-13-201 and 49-13-202. 304 (5) (a) "Regular full-time employee" means an employee: 305 (i) whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates continued 306 employment during a fiscal or calendar year [and];

307	(ii) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week,
308	except as modified by the board[5]; and
309	(iii) who receives benefits normally provided by the participating employer.
310	(b) "Regular full-time employee" includes:
311	(i) a teacher whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates
312	continued employment during a school year and who teaches half time or more;
313	(ii) a classified school employee:
314	(A) who is hired before July 1, 2013; and
315	(B) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for
316	a participating employer, regardless of benefits provided;
317	(iii) an officer, elective or appointive, who earns \$500 or more per month, indexed as
318	of January 1, 1990, as provided in Section 49-13-407;
319	(iv) a faculty member or employee of an institution of higher education who is
320	considered full time by that institution of higher education; and
321	(v) an individual who otherwise meets the definition of this Subsection (5) who
322	performs services for a participating employer through a professional employer organization or
323	similar arrangement.
324	(c) "Regular full-time employee" does not include a classified school employee:
325	(i) (A) who is hired on or after July 1, 2013; and
326	(B) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer
327	even if the employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for a
328	participating employer;
329	(ii) (A) who is hired before July 1, 2013;
330	(B) who did not qualify as a regular full-time employee before July 1, 2013;
331	(C) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer;
332	and
333	(D) whose employment hours are increased on or after July 1, 2013, to require an
334	average of 20 hours per week or more for a participating employer; or
335	(iii) who is a person working on a contract:
336	(A) for the purposes of vocational rehabilitation and the employment and training of
337	people with significant disabilities; and

330	(B) that has been set aside from procurement requirements by the state pursuant to
339	Section 63G-6a-805 or the federal government pursuant to 41 U.S.C. Sec. 8501 et seq.
340	(6) "System" means the Public Employees' Noncontributory Retirement System.
341	(7) "Years of service credit" means:
342	(a) a period consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board;
343	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
344	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time
345	the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating
346	employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as
347	provided by this chapter; or
348	(c) the regular school year consisting of not less than eight months of full-time service
349	for a regular full-time employee of an educational institution.
350	Section 5. Section 49-14-102 is amended to read:
351	49-14-102. Definitions.
352	As used in this chapter:
353	(1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in
354	gross income [which are] received by a public safety service employee as base income for the
355	regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly
356	scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of member
357	contributions or any amounts the public safety service employee authorizes to be deducted for
358	salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.
359	(b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living
360	adjustments.
361	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
362	(i) overtime;
363	(ii) sick pay incentives;
364	(iii) retirement pay incentives;
365	(iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence, use of
366	equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;
367	(v) a lump-sum payment or special payments covering accumulated leave; and
368	(vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any

other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of a member or participant.

- (d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17).
  - (2) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102.
- (3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(3)(a), (b), and (c)] (3)(b), (c), and (d).
- [(a)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection [(3)(b)] (3)(c), the percentage increase in annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
- [(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the office, the limitation in Subsection [(3)(a)] (3)(b) may be exceeded if:
  - (i) the public safety service employee has transferred from another agency; or
  - (ii) the public safety service employee has been promoted to a new position.
- [(c)] (d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years of service credit in accordance with Subsection (10).
- [(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an educational institution; or]
  - [(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.]
  - (4) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from:
- (i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety service employee; or
- (ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service employee.
  - (b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that:
- 399 (i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service

400 employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical, 401 administrative, or of a nonmanual nature; 402 (ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee: 403 (iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or 404 nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or 405 (iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (4)(a). (5) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation 406 407 requirements of Section 49-14-201. 408 (6) (a) "Public safety service" means employment normally requiring an average of 409 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is [a]: 410 (i) a law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103; 411 (ii) a correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104; 412 (iii) a special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-14-201 and 413 53-13-105; 414 (iv) a dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303; [or] 415 (v) a full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section 416 77-27-2[<del>.</del>]; 417 (vi) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety; or 418 (vii) the executive director of the Department of Corrections. 419 (b) Except [as provided under Subsections (6)(a)(iv) and (v)] for a position described 420 in Subsection (6)(a)(iv), (v), (vi), or (vii), "public safety service" also requires that, in the course of employment, the employee's life or personal safety is at risk. 421 422 (c) Except for the minimum hour requirement, Subsections (6)(a) and (b) do not apply 423 to any person who was eligible for service credit in this system before January 1, 1984. 424 (7) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer 425 who performs public safety service under this chapter. 426 (8) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or 427 vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service, 428 physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity. 429 (b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned

and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.

(9) "System" means the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System created under this chapter.

- (10) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a public safety service employee was employed by a participating employer, including time the public safety service employee was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty.
  - Section 6. Section **49-14-201** is amended to read:

## 49-14-201. System membership -- Eligibility.

- (1) Except as provided in Section 49-15-201, a public safety service employee of a participating employer participating in this system is eligible for service credit in this system at the earliest of:
- (a) July 1, 1969, if the public safety service employee was employed by the participating employer on July 1, 1969, and the participating employer was participating in this system on that date;
- (b) the date the participating employer begins participating in this system if the public safety service employee was employed by the participating employer on that date; or
- (c) the date the public safety service employee is employed by the participating employer and is eligible to perform public safety service, except that a public safety service employee initially entering employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board, may not participate in this system.
- (2) (a) (i) A participating employer that has public safety service and firefighter service employees that require cross-training and duty shall enroll those dual purpose employees in the system in which the greatest amount of time is actually worked.
- (ii) The employees shall either be full-time public safety service or full-time firefighter service employees of the participating employer.
- (b) (i) [Prior to] <u>Before</u> transferring a dual purpose employee from one system to another, the participating employer shall receive written permission from the office.
  - (ii) The office may request documentation to verify the appropriateness of the transfer.
- (3) The board may combine or segregate the actuarial experience of participating employers in this system for the purpose of setting contribution rates.

(4) (a) (i) Each participating employer participating in this system shall annually submit to the office a schedule indicating the positions to be covered under this system in accordance with this chapter.

- (ii) The office may require documentation to justify the inclusion of any position under this system.
- (b) If there is a dispute between the office and a participating employer or employee over any position to be covered, the disputed position shall be submitted to the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council established under Section 53-6-106 for determination.
- (c) (i) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council's authority to decide eligibility for public safety service credit is limited to claims for coverage under this system for time periods after July 1, 1989.
- (ii) A decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council may not be applied to service credit earned in another system [prior to] before July 1, 1989.
- (iii) Except as provided under Subsection (4)(c)(iv), a decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council granting a position coverage under this system may only be applied prospectively from the date of that decision.
- (iv) A decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council granting a position coverage under this system may be applied retroactively only if:
- (A) the participating employer covered other similarly situated positions under this system during the time period in question; and
- (B) the position otherwise meets all eligibility requirements for receiving service credit in this system during the period for which service credit is to be granted.
- (5) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council may use a subcommittee to provide a recommendation to the council in determining disputes between the office and a participating employer or employee over a position to be covered under this system.
- (6) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, in resolving coverage disputes in this system.
- (7) A public safety employee who is transferred or promoted to an administration position requiring the performance of duties that consist primarily of management or supervision of public safety service employees shall continue to earn public safety service credit in this system [as long as] during the period in which the employee remains employed in

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493	the same department.
494	(8) An employee of the Department of Corrections shall continue to earn public safety
495	service credit in this system if:
496	(a) the employee's position is no longer covered under this system for new employees
497	hired on or after July 1, 2015; and
498	(b) the employee:
499	(i) remains employed by the Department of Corrections;
500	(ii) meets the eligibility requirements of this system;
501	(iii) was hired into a position covered by this system [prior to] before July 1, 2015; and
502	(iv) has not had a break in service on or after July 1, 2015.
503	(9) An employee who is reassigned to the Division of Technology Services or to the
504	Division of Human Resource Management, and who was a member of this system, is entitled
505	to remain a member of this system.
506	(10) (a) To determine that a position is covered under this system, the office and, if a
507	coverage dispute arises, the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall find that the
508	position requires the employee to:
509	(i) except for a dispatcher, place the employee's life or personal safety at risk; and
510	(ii) complete training as provided in Section 53-6-303, 53-13-103, 53-13-104, or
511	53-13-105.
512	(b) If a position satisfies the requirements of Subsection (10)(a), the office and the
513	Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall consider whether or not the position
514	requires the employee to:
515	(i) perform duties that consist primarily of actively preventing or detecting crime and
516	enforcing criminal statutes or ordinances of this state or any of its political subdivisions;
517	(ii) perform duties that consist primarily of providing community protection; and
518	(iii) respond to situations involving threats to public safety and make emergency

decisions affecting the lives and health of others.

(12) A final order of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council regarding a

(11) If a subcommittee is used to recommend the determination of disputes to the

Peace Officer Standards and Training Council, the subcommittee shall comply with the

requirements of Subsection (10) in making [its] the subcommittee's recommendation.

dispute is a final agency action for purposes of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.

- (13) Except as provided under Subsection (14), if a participating employer's public safety service employees are not covered by this system or under Chapter 15, Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement Act, as of January 1, 1998, those public safety service employees who may otherwise qualify for membership in this system shall, at the discretion of the participating employer, remain in their current retirement system.
- (14) (a) A public safety service employee employed by an airport police department, which elects to cover [its] the airport police department's public safety service employees under the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System under Subsection (13), may elect to remain in the public safety service employee's current retirement system.
- (b) The public safety service employee's election to remain in the current retirement system under Subsection (14)(a):
- (i) shall be made at the time the employer elects to move [its] the employer's public safety service employees to a public safety retirement system;
  - (ii) documented by written notice to the participating employer; and
  - (iii) is irrevocable.

- (15) (a) Subject to Subsection (16), beginning July 1, 2015, a public safety service employee who is a dispatcher employed by:
  - (i) the state shall be eligible for service credit in this system; and
- (ii) a participating employer other than the state shall be eligible for service credit in this system if the dispatcher's participating employer elects to cover [its] the participating employer's dispatchers under this system.
- (b) A participating employer's election to cover [its] the participating employer's dispatchers under this system under Subsection (15)(a)(ii) is irrevocable and shall be documented by a resolution adopted by the governing body of the participating employer in accordance with rules made by the office.
- (c) A dispatcher's service before July 1, 2015, or before a date specified by resolution of a participating employer under Subsection (15)(b), is not eligible for service credit in this system.
  - (16) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a person initially entering

employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board, may not participate in this system.

- Section 7. Section **49-15-102** is amended to read:
- 559 **49-15-102. Definitions.**

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- As used in this chapter:
  - (1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in gross income received by a public safety service employee as base income for the regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of any amounts the public safety service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.
- 567 (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living adjustments.
  - (c) "Compensation" does not include:
- 570 (i) overtime:
  - (ii) sick pay incentives;
  - (iii) retirement pay incentives;
    - (iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, as in a residence, use of equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;
      - (v) a lump-sum payment or special payment covering accumulated leave; and
    - (vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of a member or participant.
    - (d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17).
      - (2) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102.
- (3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(3)(a), (b), and (c)] (3)(b), (c), and (d).
- [(a)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection [(3)(b)] (3)(c), the percentage increase in

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requirements of Section 49-15-201.

annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board. [(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the office, the limitation in Subsection [(3)(a)] (3)(b) may be exceeded if: (i) the public safety service employee has transferred from another agency; or (ii) the public safety service employee has been promoted to a new position. [(c)] (d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years of service credit in accordance with Subsection (10). (i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an educational institution; or (ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution. (4) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from: (i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety service employee; or (ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service employee. (b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that: (i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical, administrative, or of a nonmanual nature; (ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee; (iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or (iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (4)(a).

(6) (a) "Public safety service" means employment normally requiring an average of

(5) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation

617	2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is $[a]$ :
618	(i) $\underline{a}$ law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103;
619	(ii) $\underline{a}$ correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104;
620	(iii) <u>a</u> special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-15-201 and
621	53-13-105;
622	(iv) <u>a</u> dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303; or
623	(v) <u>a</u> full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section
624	77-27-2[ <del>;</del> ];
625	(vi) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety; or
626	(vii) the executive director of the Department of Corrections.
627	(b) Except [as provided under Subsections (6)(a)(iv) and (v)] for a position described
628	in Subsection (6)(a)(iv), (v), (vi), or (vii), "public safety service" also requires that, in the
629	course of employment, the employee's life or personal safety is at risk.
630	(7) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
631	who performs public safety service under this chapter.
632	(8) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
633	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
634	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
635	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
636	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
637	(9) "System" means the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System created
638	under this chapter.
639	(10) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full
640	months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a public safety
641	service employee was employed by a participating employer, including time the public safety
642	service employee was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty.
643	Section 8. Section 49-15-201 is amended to read:
644	49-15-201. System membership Eligibility.
645	(1) (a) A public safety service employee employed by the state after July 1, 1989, but
646	before July 1, 2011, is eligible for service credit in this system.
647	(b) A public safety service employee employed by the state [prior to] before July 1,

1989, may either elect to receive service credit in this system or continue to receive service credit under the system established under Chapter 14, Public Safety Contributory Retirement Act, by following the procedures established by the board under this chapter.

- (2) (a) Public safety service employees of a participating employer other than the state that elected on or before July 1, 1989, to remain in the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System shall be eligible only for service credit in that system.
- (b) (i) A participating employer other than the state that elected on or before July 1, 1989, to participate in this system shall, have allowed, [prior to] before July 1, 1989, a public safety service employee to elect to participate in either this system or the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System.
- (ii) Except as expressly allowed by this title, the election of the public safety service employee is final and may not be changed.
- (c) A public safety service employee hired by a participating employer other than the state after July 1, 1989, but before July 1, 2011, shall become a member in this system.
- (d) A public safety service employee of a participating employer other than the state who began participation in this system after July 1, 1989, but before July 1, 2011, is only eligible for service credit in this system.
- (e) A person initially entering employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board, may not participate in this system.
- (3) (a) (i) A participating employer that has public safety service and firefighter service employees that require cross-training and duty shall enroll those dual purpose employees in the system in which the greatest amount of time is actually worked.
- (ii) The employees shall either be full-time public safety service or full-time firefighter service employees of the participating employer.
- (b) (i) [Prior to] <u>Before</u> transferring a dual purpose employee from one system to another, the participating employer shall receive written permission from the office.
  - (ii) The office may request documentation to verify the appropriateness of the transfer.
- (4) The board may combine or segregate the actuarial experience of participating employers in this system for the purpose of setting contribution rates.
  - (5) (a) (i) Each participating employer participating in this system shall annually

submit to the office a schedule indicating the positions to be covered under this system in accordance with this chapter.

- (ii) The office may require documentation to justify the inclusion of any position under this system.
- (b) If there is a dispute between the office and a participating employer or employee over any position to be covered, the disputed position shall be submitted to the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council established under Section 53-6-106 for determination.
- (c) (i) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council's authority to decide eligibility for public safety service credit is limited to claims for coverage under this system for time periods after July 1, 1989.
- (ii) A decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council may not be applied to service credit earned in another system [prior to] before July 1, 1989.
- (iii) Except as provided under Subsection (5)(c)(iv), a decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council granting a position coverage under this system may only be applied prospectively from the date of that decision.
- (iv) A decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council granting a position coverage under this system may be applied retroactively only if:
- (A) the participating employer covered other similarly situated positions under this system during the time period in question; and
- (B) the position otherwise meets all eligibility requirements for receiving service credit in this system during the period for which service credit is to be granted.
- (6) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council may use a subcommittee to provide a recommendation to the council in determining disputes between the office and a participating employer or employee over a position to be covered under this system.
- (7) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, in resolving coverage disputes in this system.
- (8) A public safety service employee who is transferred or promoted to an administration position requiring the performance of duties that consist primarily of management or supervision of public safety service employees shall continue to earn public safety service credit in this system [as long as] during the period in which the employee remains employed in the same department.

710 (9) An employee of the Department of Corrections shall continue to earn public safety 711 service credit in this system if: 712 (a) the employee's position is no longer covered under this system for new employees 713 hired on or after July 1, 2015; and 714 (b) the employee: 715 (i) remains employed by the Department of Corrections; 716 (ii) meets the eligibility requirements of this system; 717 (iii) was hired into a position covered by this system [prior to] before July 1, 2015; and 718 (iv) has not had a break in service on or after July 1, 2015. 719 (10) Any employee who is reassigned to the Division of Technology Services or to the 720 Division of Human Resource Management, and who was a member in this system, shall be 721 entitled to remain a member in this system. 722 (11) (a) To determine that a position is covered under this system, the office and, if a 723 coverage dispute arises, the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall find that the 724 position requires the employee to: 725 (i) except for a dispatcher, place the employee's life or personal safety at risk; and 726 (ii) complete training as provided in Section 53-6-303, 53-13-103, 53-13-104, or 53-13-105. 727 728 (b) If a position satisfies the requirements of Subsection (11)(a), the office and Peace 729 Officer Standards and Training Council shall consider whether the position requires the 730 employee to: 731 (i) perform duties that consist primarily of actively preventing or detecting crime and enforcing criminal statutes or ordinances of this state or any of its political subdivisions; 732 733 (ii) perform duties that consist primarily of providing community protection; and 734 (iii) respond to situations involving threats to public safety and make emergency 735 decisions affecting the lives and health of others. 736

(12) If a subcommittee is used to recommend the determination of disputes to the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council, the subcommittee shall comply with the requirements of Subsection (11) in making [its] the subcommittee's recommendation.

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739 (13) A final order of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council regarding a 740 dispute is a final agency action for purposes of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative

741 Procedures Act.

(14) Except as provided under Subsection (15), if a participating employer's public safety service employees are not covered by this system or under Chapter 14, Public Safety Contributory Retirement Act, as of January 1, 1998, those public safety service employees who may otherwise qualify for membership in this system shall, at the discretion of the participating employer, remain in their current retirement system.

- (15) (a) A public safety service employee employed by an airport police department, which elects to cover [its] the airport police department's public safety service employees under the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System under Subsection (14), may elect to remain in the public safety service employee's current retirement system.
- (b) The public safety service employee's election to remain in the current retirement system under Subsection (15)(a):
- (i) shall be made at the time the employer elects to move [its] the employer's public safety service employees to a public safety retirement system;
  - (ii) shall be documented by written notice to the participating employer; and
  - (iii) is irrevocable.
- (16) (a) Subject to Subsection (17), beginning July 1, 2015, a public safety service employee who is a dispatcher employed by:
  - (i) the state shall be eligible for service credit in this system; and
- (ii) a participating employer other than the state shall be eligible for service credit in this system if the dispatcher's participating employer elects to cover [its] the participating employer's dispatchers under this system.
- (b) A participating employer's election to cover [its] the participating employer's dispatchers under this system under Subsection (16)(a)(ii) is irrevocable and shall be documented by a resolution adopted by the governing body of the participating employer in accordance with rules made by the office.
- (c) A dispatcher's service before July 1, 2015, or before a date specified by resolution of a participating employer under Subsection (16)(b), is not eligible for service credit in this system.
- (17) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a person initially entering employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have service

credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board, may not participate in this system.

- Section 9. Section **49-16-102** is amended to read:
- 775 **49-16-102. Definitions.**
- As used in this chapter:

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- (1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable as gross income [which are] received by a firefighter service employee as base income for the regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of member contributions or any amounts the firefighter service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.
- 783 (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living adjustments.
  - (c) "Compensation" does not include:
- 786 (i) overtime;
  - (ii) sick pay incentives;
  - (iii) retirement pay incentives;
  - (iv) remuneration paid in kind such as a residence, use of equipment, uniforms, travel, or similar payments;
    - (v) a lump-sum payment or special payments covering accumulated leave; and
  - (vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of a member or participant.
  - (d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed under Section 401(a)(17), Internal Revenue Code.
  - (2) (a) "Disability" means the complete inability, due to objective medical impairment, whether physical or mental, to perform firefighter service.
  - (b) "Disability" does not include the inability to meet an employer's required standards or tests relating to fitness, physical ability, or agility that is not a result of a disability as defined under Subsection (2)(a).
  - (3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest

three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(3)(a), (b), and

804	(c) (3)(b), (c), and (d).
805	[(a)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection [(3)(b)] (3)(c), the percentage increase in
806	annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's
807	compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the
808	purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau
809	of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
810	[(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation
811	to the office the limitation in Subsection (3)(a) may be exceeded if:
812	(i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
813	(ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
814	[(c)] (d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based
815	on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years
816	of service credit in accordance with Subsection (13).
817	[(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an
818	educational institution; or]
819	[(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.]
820	(4) (a) "Firefighter service" means employment normally requiring an average of 2,080
821	hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is:
822	(i) a firefighter service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a
823	position of hazardous duty with a regularly constituted fire department; or
824	(ii) the state fire marshal appointed under Section 53-7-103 or a deputy state fire
825	marshal.
826	(b) "Firefighter service" does not include secretarial staff or other similar employees.
827	(5) (a) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
828	who provides firefighter service under this chapter. [An]
829	(b) "Firefighter service employee" does not include an employee of a regularly
830	constituted fire department who does not perform firefighter service [is not a firefighter service
831	employee].
832	(6) (a) "Line-of-duty death or disability" means a death or disability resulting from:
833	(i) external force, violence, or disease directly resulting from firefighter service; or

834 (ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous 835 training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a firefighter service 836 employee. (b) "Line-of-duty death or disability" does not include a death or disability that: 837 838 (i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a firefighter service 839 employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical, 840 administrative, or of a nonmanual nature; 841 (ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee: 842 (iii) occurs when the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether 843 prescribed or nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death or disability; or 844 (iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (6)(a). 845 (c) "Line-of-duty death or disability" includes the death or disability of a paid 846 firefighter resulting from heart disease, lung disease, or a respiratory tract condition if the paid firefighter has five years of firefighter service credit. 847 848 (7) "Objective medical impairment" means an impairment resulting from an injury or 849 illness [which] that is diagnosed by a physician or physician assistant and [which] that is based 850 on accepted objective medical tests or findings rather than subjective complaints. (8) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation 851 852 requirements of Section 49-16-201. (9) "Regularly constituted fire department" means a fire department that employs a fire 853 854 chief who performs firefighter service for at least 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled paid 855 employment per year. 856 (10) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or 857 vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service, 858 physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity. 859 (b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned 860 and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity. 861 (11) "System" means the Firefighters' Retirement System created under this chapter.

(i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills;

employed as a firefighter service employee, but who:

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(12) (a) "Volunteer firefighter" means any individual [that] who is not regularly

865	(ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and
866	(iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department [which] that
867	provides ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state.
868	(b) [An individual that] "Volunteer firefighter" does not include an individual who
869	volunteers assistance but does not meet the requirements of Subsection (12)(a) [is not a
870	volunteer firefighter for purposes of this chapter].
871	(13) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full
872	months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a firefighter
873	service employee was employed by a participating employer or received full-time pay while on
874	sick leave, including any time the firefighter service employee was absent in the service of the
875	United States on military duty.
876	Section 10. Section 49-22-102 is amended to read:
877	49-22-102. Definitions.
878	As used in this chapter:
879	(1) "Benefits normally provided" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that
880	term is defined in Section 49-12-102.
881	(2) (a) "Compensation" means[, except as provided in Subsection (2)(c),] the total
882	amount of payments made by a participating employer to a member of this system for services
883	rendered to the participating employer, including:
884	(i) bonuses;
885	(ii) cost-of-living adjustments;
886	(iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to social
887	security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to
888	deduction under social security law;
889	(iv) amounts that the member authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral
890	or other benefits authorized by federal law; and
891	(v) member contributions.
892	(b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
893	under Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(a)(17).
894	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
895	(i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence or use of

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896	equipment;
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- (ii) the cost of any employment benefits paid for by the participating employer;
- (iii) compensation paid to a temporary employee or an employee otherwise ineligible for service credit;
- (iv) any payments upon termination, including accumulated vacation, sick leave payments, severance payments, compensatory time payments, or any other special payments;
- (v) any allowances or payments to a member for costs or expenses paid by the participating employer, including automobile costs, uniform costs, travel costs, tuition costs, housing costs, insurance costs, equipment costs, and dependent care costs; or
  - (vi) a teacher salary bonus described in Section 53F-2-513.
- (d) The executive director may determine if a payment not listed under this Subsection(2) falls within the definition of compensation.
- (3) "Corresponding Tier I system" means the system or plan that would have covered the member if the member had initially entered employment before July 1, 2011.
- (4) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest five years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(4)(a), (b), (c), (d), and (e)] (4)(b), (c), (d), (e), and (f).
- [(a)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection [(4)(b)] (4)(c), the percentage increase in annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
- [(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the office, the limitation in Subsection [(4)(a)] (4)(b) may be exceeded if:
  - [(i)] (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
  - [(ii)] (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
- [(c)] (d) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes of computing the member's final average salary only.
  - [(d)] (e) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final

927 average salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full 928 period of service credit. 929 (fe) (f) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based 930 on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years 931 of service credit in accordance with Subsection (8). 932 (i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an 933 educational institution; or 934 [(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.] 935 (5) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation 936 requirements of: 937 (a) Sections 49-12-201 and 49-12-202; 938 (b) Sections 49-13-201 and 49-13-202; 939 (c) Section 49-19-201; or 940 (d) Section 49-22-201 or 49-22-202. (6) (a) "Regular full-time employee" means an employee: 941 942 (i) whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates continued 943 employment during a fiscal or calendar year [and]; 944 (ii) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week. 945 except as modified by the board[-]; and 946 (iii) who receives benefits normally provided by the participating employer. 947 (b) "Regular full-time employee" includes: 948 (i) a teacher whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates 949 continued employment during a school year and who teaches half time or more; 950 (ii) a classified school employee: 951 (A) who is hired before July 1, 2013; and 952 (B) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for 953 a participating employer, regardless of benefits provided; 954 (iii) an appointive officer whose appointed position is full time as certified by the 955 participating employer; 956 (iv) the governor, the lieutenant governor, the state auditor, the state treasurer, the

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attorney general, and a state legislator;

958	(v) an elected official not included under Subsection (b)(b)(iv) whose elected position
959	is full time as certified by the participating employer;
960	(vi) a faculty member or employee of an institution of higher education who is
961	considered full time by that institution of higher education; and
962	(vii) an individual who otherwise meets the definition of this Subsection (6) who
963	performs services for a participating employer through a professional employer organization or
964	similar arrangement.
965	(c) "Regular full-time employee" does not include:
966	(i) a firefighter service employee as defined in Section 49-23-102;
967	(ii) a public safety service employee as defined in Section 49-23-102;
968	(iii) a classified school employee:
969	(A) who is hired on or after July 1, 2013; and
970	(B) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer
971	even if the employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for a
972	participating employer;
973	(iv) a classified school employee:
974	(A) who is hired before July 1, 2013;
975	(B) who did not qualify as a regular full-time employee before July 1, 2013;
976	(C) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer;
977	and
978	(D) whose employment hours are increased on or after July 1, 2013, to require an
979	average of 20 hours per week or more for a participating employer; or
980	(E) who is a person working on a contract:
981	(I) for the purposes of vocational rehabilitation and the employment and training of
982	people with significant disabilities; and
983	(II) that has been set aside from procurement requirements by the state pursuant to
984	Section 63G-6a-805 or the federal government pursuant to 41 U.S.C. Sec. 8501 et seq.
985	(7) "System" means the New Public Employees' Tier II Contributory Retirement
986	System created under this chapter.
987	(8) "Years of service credit" means:
988	(a) a period consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board:

(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as provided by this chapter; or

- (c) the regular school year consisting of not less than eight months of full-time service for a regular full-time employee of an educational institution.
  - Section 11. Section 49-22-201 is amended to read:

## 49-22-201. System membership -- Eligibility.

- (1) Beginning July 1, 2011, a participating employer shall participate in this system.
- (2) (a) A person initially entering regular full-time employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board, is eligible:
- (i) as a member for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; or
- (ii) as a participant for defined contributions under the Tier II defined contribution plan established by Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan.
- (b) A person initially entering regular full-time employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, shall:
  - (i) make an election to participate in the system created under this chapter:
- (A) as a member for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; or
- (B) as a participant for defined contributions under the Tier II defined contribution plan established by Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan; and
- (ii) electronically submit to the office notification of the member's election under Subsection (2)(b)(i) in a manner approved by the office.
- (c) An election made by a person initially entering regular full-time employment with a participating employer under this Subsection (2) is irrevocable beginning one year from the date of eligibility for accrual of benefits.
- (d) If no election is made under Subsection (2)(b)(i), the person shall become a member eligible for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid retirement

system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section and except as provided in Subsection (4), an elected official initially entering office on or after July 1, 2011:

- (a) is only eligible to participate in the Tier II defined contribution plan established under Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan;
- (b) is not eligible to participate in the Tier II hybrid retirement system established under Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; and
- (c) is vested immediately in the elected official's benefit and the benefit is nonforfeitable, including the total amount contributed by the participating employer and the total amount contributed by the member in the Tier II defined contribution plan.
- (4) [Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection (3), a] A legislator or full-time elected official initially entering office on or after July 1, 2011, who has previously accrued service credit:
- (a) in a Tier I retirement system or plan administered by the board shall continue in the Tier I system or plan for which the legislator or full-time elected official is eligible; or
- (b) in a Tier II hybrid retirement system shall continue in the Tier II system for which the [legislator or] full-time elected official is eligible.
  - Section 12. Section **49-22-204** is amended to read:
- 49-22-204. Higher education employees' eligibility requirements -- Election between different retirement plans -- Classification requirements -- Transfer between systems.
- (1) (a) A regular full-time employee of an institution of higher education who is eligible to participate in either this system or in a retirement annuity contract with a public or private system, organization, or company, designated as described in Subsection (1)(c) or (d), shall, not later than January 1, 1979, elect to participate exclusively in this system or in an annuity contract allowed under this Subsection (1).
  - (b) The election is final, and no right exists to make any further election.
- (c) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), the Utah Board of Higher Education shall designate the public or private retirement systems, organizations, or companies that a regular full-time employee of an institution of higher education is eligible to participate in under Subsection (1)(a).

1051 (d) The technical college board of trustees of each technical college shall designate the 1052 public or private retirement systems, organizations, or companies that a regular full-time 1053 employee of each technical college is eligible to participate in under Subsection (1)(a). 1054 (2) (a) A regular full-time employee hired by an institution of higher education after 1055 January 1, 1979, may participate only in the retirement plan [which attaches to] designated for 1056 the person's employment classification. 1057 (b) Each institution of higher education shall prepare or amend existing employment 1058 classifications, under the direction of the Utah Board of Higher Education, or the technical 1059 college board of trustees of each technical college for each technical college, so that each 1060 classification is assigned with either: 1061 (i) this system; or 1062 (ii) a public or private system, organization, or company designated by: (A) except as provided under Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(B), the Utah Board of Higher 1063 1064 Education; or 1065 (B) the technical college board of trustees of each technical college for regular 1066 full-time employees of each technical college. 1067 (c) Notwithstanding a person's employment classification assignment under Subsection 1068 (2)(b), a regular full-time employee who begins employment with an institution of higher 1069 education has a one-time irrevocable election to continue participation in this system if the 1070 employee: 1071 (i) has service credit in this system before the date of employment with the institution of higher education; and 1072 1073 (ii) makes the election before participating in the system described in Subsection 1074 (2)(b)(ii). 1075 (3) A regular full-time employee hired by an institution of higher education on or after 1076 July 1, 2011, whose employment classification requires participation in this system may elect 1077 to continue participation in this system upon change to an employment classification [which] 1078 that requires participation in a public or private system, organization, or company designated

- (a) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the Utah Board of Higher Education; or
- (b) the technical college board of trustees of each technical college for regular full-time

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by:

1082	employees of each technical college.
1083	(4) A regular full-time employee hired by an institution of higher education on or after
1084	July 1, 2011, whose employment classification requires participation in this system shall
1085	participate in this system.
1086	(5) An employee's participation or election described in this section:
1087	(a) shall be made in accordance with this section; and
1088	(b) is subject to requirements under federal law and rules made by the board.
1089	Section 13. Section 49-22-205 is amended to read:
1090	49-22-205. Exemptions from participation in system.
1091	(1) Upon filing a written request for exemption with the office, the following
1092	employees are exempt from participation in the system as provided in this section:
1093	(a) an executive department head of the state;
1094	(b) a member of the State Tax Commission;
1095	(c) a member of the Public Service Commission;
1096	(d) a member of a full-time or part-time board or commission;
1097	(e) an employee of the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget;
1098	(f) an employee of the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity;
1099	(g) an employee of the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice;
1100	(h) an employee of the Governor's Office;
1101	(i) an employee of the State Auditor's Office;
1102	(j) an employee of the State Treasurer's Office;
1103	(k) any other member who is permitted to make an election under Section 49-11-406;
1104	(1) a person appointed as a city manager or appointed as a city administrator or another
1105	at-will employee of a municipality, county, or other political subdivision;
1106	(m) an employee of an interlocal cooperative agency created under Title 11, Chapter
1107	13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, who is engaged in a specialized trade customarily provided
1108	through membership in a labor organization that provides retirement benefits to its members;
1109	and
1110	(n) an employee serving as an exchange employee from outside the state for an
1111	employer who has elected to make all of the employer's exchange employees eligible for
1112	service credit in this system.

1113	(2) (a) A participating employer shall prepare and maintain a list designating those
1114	positions eligible for exemption under Subsection (1).
1115	(b) An employee may not be exempted unless the employee is employed in a position
1116	designated by the participating employer under Subsection (1).
1117	(3) (a) In accordance with this section, Section 49-12-203, and Section 49-13-203, a
1118	municipality, county, or political subdivision may not exempt a total of more than 50 positions
1119	or a number equal to 10% of the eligible employees of the municipality, county, or political
1120	subdivision, whichever is less.
1121	(b) A municipality, county, or political subdivision may exempt at least one regular
1122	full-time employee.
1123	(4) Each participating employer shall:
1124	(a) maintain a list of employee exemptions; and
1125	(b) update an employee exemption in the event of any change.
1126	(5) Beginning on the effective date of the exemption for an employee who elects to be
1127	exempt in accordance with Subsection (1):
1128	(a) for a member of the Tier II defined contribution plan:
1129	(i) the participating employer shall contribute the nonelective contribution and the
1130	amortization rate described in Section 49-22-401, except that the nonelective contribution is
1131	exempt from the vesting requirements of Subsection 49-22-401(3)(a); [and]
1132	(ii) the member may make voluntary deferrals as provided in Section 49-22-401; and
1133	(iii) the member is not eligible for additional service credit in the plan for the period of
1134	exempt employment; and
1135	(b) for a member of the Tier II hybrid retirement system:
1136	(i) the participating employer shall contribute the nonelective contribution and the
1137	amortization rate described in Section 49-22-401, except that the contribution is exempt from
1138	the vesting requirements of Subsection 49-22-401(3)(a);
1139	(ii) the member may make voluntary deferrals as provided in Section 49-22-401; and
1140	(iii) the member is not eligible for additional service credit in the system for the period
1141	of exempt employment.

(6) If an employee who is a member of the Tier II hybrid retirement system

subsequently revokes the election of exemption made under Subsection (1), the provisions

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1144 described in Subsection (5)(b) shall no longer be applicable and the coverage for the employee 1145 shall be effective prospectively as provided in Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System. 1146 (7) (a) All employer contributions made on behalf of an employee shall be invested in 1147 accordance with Subsection 49-22-303(3)(a) or 49-22-401(4)(a) until the one-year election 1148 period under Subsection 49-22-201(2)(c) is expired if the employee: 1149 (i) elects to be exempt in accordance with Subsection (1); and 1150 (ii) continues employment with the participating employer through the one-year 1151 election period under Subsection 49-22-201(2)(c). 1152 (b) An employee is entitled to receive a distribution of the employer contributions 1153 made on behalf of the employee and all associated investment gains and losses if the employee: 1154 (i) elects to be exempt in accordance with Subsection (1); and 1155 (ii) terminates employment prior to the one-year election period under Subsection 1156 49-22-201(2)(c). (8) (a) The office shall make rules to implement this section. 1157 1158 (b) The rules made under this Subsection (8) shall include provisions to allow the 1159 exemption provided under Subsection (1) to apply to all contributions made beginning on or 1160 after July 1, 2011, on behalf of an exempted employee who began the employment before May 1161 8, 2012. 1162 (9) An employee's exemption, participation, or election described in this section: 1163 (a) shall be made in accordance with this section; and 1164 (b) is subject to requirements under federal law and rules made by the board. 1165 Section 14. Section 49-22-401 is amended to read: 1166 49-22-401. Contributions -- Rates. 1167 (1) Up to the amount allowed by federal law, the participating employer shall make a 1168 nonelective contribution of 10% of the participant's compensation to a defined contribution 1169 plan.

1173 (i) is sponsored by the board; and

Internal Revenue Code [which] that:

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1174 (ii) has been grandfathered under Section 1116 of the Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986.

(2) (a) The participating employer shall contribute the 10% nonelective contribution

described in Subsection (1) to a defined contribution plan qualified under Section 401(k) of the

(b) The member may make voluntary deferrals to:

- 1176 (i) the qualified 401(k) plan [which] that receives the employer contribution described in this Subsection (2); or
  - (ii) at the member's option, another defined contribution plan established by the participating employer.
  - (c) In addition to the percent specified under Subsection (2)(a), the participating employer shall pay the corresponding Tier I system amortization rate of the employee's compensation to the office to be applied to the employer's corresponding Tier I system liability.
  - (3) (a) Except as provided under Subsection (3)(c), the total amount contributed by the participating employer under Subsection (2)(a) vests to the member upon accruing four years of employment as a regular full-time employee under this title.
  - (b) The total amount contributed by the member under Subsection (2)(b) vests to the member's benefit immediately and is nonforfeitable.
  - (c) (i) Upon filing a written request for exemption with the office, an eligible employee is exempt from the vesting requirements of Subsection (3)(a) in accordance with Section 49-22-205.
  - (ii) An employee who is exempt under this Subsection (3)(c) is not eligible for additional service credit in the plan for the period of exempt employment.
  - (d) (i) Years of employment under Subsection (3)(a) includes any fraction of a year to which the member may be entitled.
  - (ii) At the time of vesting, if a member's years of service credit is within one-tenth of one year of the total years required for vesting, the member shall be considered to have the total years of employment required for vesting.
  - (4) (a) Contributions made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a) shall be invested in a default option selected by the board until the member is vested in accordance with Subsection (3)(a).
  - (b) A member may direct the investment of contributions including associated investment gains and losses made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a) only after the contributions have vested in accordance with Subsection (3)(a).
- 1204 (c) A member may direct the investment of contributions made by the member under 1205 Subsection (3)(b).

(5) No loans shall be available from contributions made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a).

- (6) No hardship distributions shall be available from contributions made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a).
- (7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), if a member terminates employment with a participating employer prior to the vesting period described in Subsection (3)(a), all contributions made by a participating employer on behalf of the member including associated investment gains and losses under Subsection (2)(a) are subject to forfeiture.
- (b) If a member who terminates employment with a participating employer prior to the vesting period described in Subsection (3)(a) subsequently enters employment with the same or another participating employer within 10 years of the termination date of the previous employment:
- (i) all contributions made by the previous participating employer on behalf of the member including associated investment gains and losses shall be reinstated upon the member's employment as a regular full-time employee; and
- (ii) the length of time that the member worked with the previous employer shall be included in determining whether the member has completed the vesting period under Subsection (3)(a).
- (c) The office shall establish a forfeiture account and shall specify the uses of the forfeiture account, which may include an offset against administrative costs or employer contributions made under this section.
- (8) The office may request from any other [qualified 401(k)] plan under Subsection (2)(b)(ii) any relevant information pertaining to the maintenance of [its] the plan's tax qualification under the Internal Revenue Code.
- (9) The office may take any action [which in its] that in the office's judgment is necessary to maintain the tax-qualified status of [its] the office's 401(k) defined contribution plan under federal law.
- Section 15. Section **49-23-102** is amended to read:
- **49-23-102. Definitions.**

- 1235 As used in this chapter:
- (1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in

gross income received by a public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee as base income for the regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of any amounts the public safety service employee or firefighter service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.

- (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living adjustments.
  - (c) "Compensation" does not include:
- 1245 (i) overtime;

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- (ii) sick pay incentives;
  - (iii) retirement pay incentives;
- 1248 (iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, as in a residence, use of 1249 equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;
  - (v) a lump-sum payment or special payment covering accumulated leave; and
  - (vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of a member or participant.
  - (d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed under Section 401(a)(17), Internal Revenue Code.
  - (2) "Corresponding Tier I system" means the system or plan that would have covered the member if the member had initially entered employment before July 1, 2011.
    - (3) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102.
  - (4) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest five years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(4)(a), (b), (c), (d), and (e)] (4)(b), (c), (d), (e), and (f).
  - [(a)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection [(4)(b)] (4)(c), the percentage increase in annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
- [(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation

1268	to the office, the limitation in Subsection $[(4)(a)]$ (4)(b) may be exceeded if:
1269	(i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
1270	(ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
1271	[(c)] (d) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of
1272	employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay
1273	from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes
1274	of computing the member's final average salary only.
1275	[(d)] (e) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final
1276	average salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full
1277	period of service credit.
1278	[(e)] (f) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based
1279	on[÷] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years
1280	of service credit in accordance with Subsection (14).
1281	[(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an
1282	educational institution; or]
1283	[(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.]
1284	(5) (a) "Firefighter service" means employment normally requiring an average of 2,080
1285	hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is:
1286	(i) a firefighter service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a
1287	position of hazardous duty with a regularly constituted fire department;
1288	(ii) the state fire marshal appointed under Section 53-7-103 or a deputy state fire
1289	marshal; or
1290	(iii) a firefighter service employee who is:
1291	(A) hired on or after July 1, 2021;
1292	(B) trained in firefighter techniques;
1293	(C) assigned to a position of hazardous duty; and
1294	(D) employed by the state as a participating employer.
1295	(b) "Firefighter service" does not include secretarial staff or other similar employees.
1296	(6) (a) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
1297	who provides firefighter service under this chapter.

(b) "Firefighter service employee" does not include an employee of a regularly

1299	constituted fire department who does not perform firefighter service.
1300	(7) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from:
1301	(i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety
1302	service or firefighter service employee; or
1303	(ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
1304	training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service or
1305	firefighter service employee.
1306	(b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that:
1307	(i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service
1308	or firefighter service employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity
1309	that is clerical, administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
1310	(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
1311	(iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or
1312	nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
1313	(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (7)(a).
1314	(8) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation
1315	requirements of:
1316	(a) Sections 49-14-201 and 49-14-202;
1317	(b) Sections 49-15-201 and 49-15-202;
1318	(c) Sections 49-16-201 and 49-16-202; or
1319	(d) Sections 49-23-201 and 49-23-202.
1320	(9) (a) "Public safety service" means employment normally requiring an average of
1321	2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is [a]:
1322	(i) <u>a</u> law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103;
1323	(ii) <u>a</u> correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104;
1324	(iii) <u>a</u> special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-15-201 and
1325	53-13-105;
1326	(iv) a dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303; [and]

(vi) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety; or

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(v) <u>a</u> full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section

1330	(vii) the executive director of the Department of Corrections.
1331	(b) Except [as provided under Subsections (9)(a)(iv) and (v)] for a position described
1332	in Subsection (9)(a)(iv), (v), (vi), or (vii), "public safety service" also requires that, in the
1333	course of employment, the employee's life or personal safety is at risk.
1334	(10) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
1335	who performs public safety service under this chapter.
1336	(11) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
1337	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
1338	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
1339	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
1340	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
1341	(12) "System" means the New Public Safety and Firefighter Tier II Contributory
1342	Retirement System created under this chapter.
1343	(13) (a) "Volunteer firefighter" means any individual [that] who is not regularly
1344	employed as a firefighter service employee, but who:
1345	(i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills;
1346	(ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and
1347	(iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department [which] that
1348	provides ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state.
1349	(b) An individual that volunteers assistance but does not meet the requirements of
1350	Subsection (13)(a) is not a volunteer firefighter for purposes of this chapter.
1351	(14) "Years of service credit" means:
1352	(a) a period, consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board; or
1353	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
1354	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time
1355	the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating
1356	employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as
1357	provided by this chapter.
1358	Section 16. Section 49-23-201 is amended to read:
1359	49-23-201. System membership Eligibility.
1360	(1) Beginning July 1, 2011, a participating employer that employs public safety service

employees or firefighter service employees shall participate in this system.

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- (2) (a) A public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee initially entering employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board, is eligible:
- (i) as a member for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; or
- (ii) as a participant for defined contributions under the Tier II defined contributions plan established by Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan.
- (b) A public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee initially entering employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, shall:
  - (i) make an election to participate in the system created under this chapter:
- (A) as a member for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; or
- (B) as a participant for defined contributions under the Tier II defined contribution plan established by Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan; and
- (ii) electronically submit to the office notification of the member's election under Subsection (2)(b)(i) in a manner approved by the office.
- (c) An election made by a public safety service employee or firefighter service employee initially entering employment with a participating employer under this Subsection (2) is irrevocable beginning one year from the date of eligibility for accrual of benefits.
- (d) If no election is made under Subsection (2)(b)(i), the public safety service employee or firefighter service employee shall become a member eligible for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System.
- (3) (a) Beginning July 1, 2015, a public safety service employee who is a dispatcher employed by:
  - (i) the state shall be eligible for service credit in this system; and
- (ii) a participating employer other than the state shall be eligible for service credit in this system if the dispatcher's participating employer elects to cover [its] the participating employer's dispatchers under this system.

1392	(b) A participating employer's election to cover [its] the participating employer's
1393	dispatchers under this system under Subsection (3)(a)(ii) is irrevocable and shall be
1394	documented by a resolution adopted by the governing body of the participating employer in
1395	accordance with rules made by the office.
1396	(c) A dispatcher's service before July 1, 2015, or before a date specified by resolution
1397	of a participating employer under Subsection (3)(b), is not eligible for service credit in this
1398	system.
1399	(4) A public safety service employee who is transferred or promoted to an
1400	administration position requiring the performance of duties that consist primarily of
1401	management or supervision of public safety service employees shall continue to earn public
1402	safety service credit in this system during the period in which the employee remains employed
1403	in the same department.
1404	Section 17. Section 49-23-203 is amended to read:
1405	49-23-203. Exemptions from participation in system.
1406	(1) Upon filing a written request for exemption with the office, the following
1407	employees are exempt from participation in the system as provided in this section if the
1408	employee is a public safety service employee or firefighter service employee and is:
1409	(a) an executive department head of the state;
1410	(b) an elected or appointed sheriff of a county; [or]
1411	(c) an elected or appointed chief of police of a municipality[-]; or
1412	(d) the chief of any fire department or district.
1413	(2) (a) A participating employer shall prepare a list designating those positions eligible
1414	for exemption under Subsection (1).
1415	(b) An employee may not be exempted unless the employee is employed in a position
1416	designated by the participating employer under Subsection (1).
1417	(3) Each participating employer shall:
1418	(a) file each employee exemption annually with the office; and
1419	(b) update an employee exemption in the event of any change.
1420	(4) Beginning on the effective date of the exemption for an employee who elects to be
1421	exempt in accordance with Subsection (1):
1422	(a) for a member of the Tier II defined contribution plan:

1423	(i) the participating employer shall contribute the nonelective contribution and the
1424	amortization rate described in Section 49-23-401, except that the contribution is exempt from
1425	the vesting requirements of Subsection 49-23-401(3)(a); [and]
1426	(ii) the member may make voluntary deferrals as provided in Section 49-23-401; and
1427	(iii) the member is not eligible for additional service credit in the plan for the period of
1428	exempt employment; and
1429	(b) for a member of the Tier II hybrid retirement system:
1430	(i) the participating employer shall contribute the nonelective contribution and the
1431	amortization rate described in Section 49-23-401, except that the contribution is exempt from
1432	the vesting requirements of Subsection 49-23-401(3)(a);
1433	(ii) the member may make voluntary deferrals as provided in Section 49-23-401; and
1434	(iii) the member is not eligible for additional service credit in the system for the period
1435	of exempt employment.
1436	(5) If an employee who is a member of the Tier II hybrid retirement system
1437	subsequently revokes the election of exemption made under Subsection (1), the provisions
1438	described in Subsection (4)(b) shall no longer be applicable and the coverage for the employee
1439	shall be effective prospectively as provided in Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System.
1440	(6) (a) All employer contributions made on behalf of an employee shall be invested in
1441	accordance with Subsection 49-23-302(3)(a) or 49-23-401(4)(a) until the one-year election
1442	period under Subsection 49-23-201(2)(c) is expired if the employee:
1443	(i) elects to be exempt in accordance with Subsection (1); and
1444	(ii) continues employment with the participating employer through the one-year
1445	election period under Subsection 49-23-201(2)(c).
1446	(b) An employee is entitled to receive a distribution of the employer contributions
1447	made on behalf of the employee and all associated investment gains and losses if the employee:
1448	(i) elects to be exempt in accordance with Subsection (1); and
1449	(ii) terminates employment prior to the one-year election period under Subsection
1450	49-23-201(2)(c).
1451	(7) (a) The office shall make rules to implement this section.
1452	(b) The rules made under this Subsection (7) shall include provisions to allow the
1453	exemption provided under Subsection (1) to apply to all contributions made beginning on or

1454 after July 1, 2011, on behalf of an exempted employee who began the employment before May 1455 8, 2012. 1456 (8) An employee's exemption, participation, or election described in this section: 1457 (a) shall be made in accordance with this section; and 1458 (b) is subject to requirements under federal law and rules made by the board. 1459 Section 18. Section 49-23-401 is amended to read: 49-23-401. Contributions -- Rates. 1460 1461 (1) (a) Up to the amount allowed by federal law, the participating employer shall make 1462 a nonelective contribution of 14% of the participant's compensation to a defined contribution 1463 plan. 1464 (b) In addition to the nonelective contribution described in Subsection (1)(a), if a participating employer elects under Subsection 49-23-301(2)(c) to pay all or part of the 1465 required member contribution on behalf of the participating employer's employees that are 1466 1467 members covered under Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System, the participating employer 1468 shall make an additional nonelective contribution to an employee that is a member covered 1469 under this part at the same percentage rate of the participant's compensation as the participating 1470 employer's election to pay required member contributions on behalf of the participating 1471 employer's employees that are members covered under Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement 1472 System. 1473 (2) (a) The participating employer shall contribute the contributions described in Subsection (1) to a defined contribution plan qualified under Section 401(k) of the Internal 1474 1475 Revenue Code [which] that: 1476 (i) is sponsored by the board; and 1477 (ii) has been grandfathered under Section 1116 of the Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986. 1478 (b) The member may make voluntary deferrals to:

- 1479 (i) the qualified 401(k) plan [which] that receives the employer contribution described 1480 in this Subsection (2); or
  - (ii) at the member's option, another defined contribution plan established by the participating employer.

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(c) In addition to the contributions specified under Subsection (2)(a), the participating 1483 1484 employer shall pay the corresponding Tier I system amortization rate of the employee's

compensation to the office to be applied to the employer's corresponding Tier I system liability.

- (3) (a) Except as provided under Subsection (3)(c), the total amount contributed by the participating employer under Subsection (2)(a) vests to the member upon accruing four years of service credit under this title.
- (b) The total amount contributed by the member under Subsection (2)(b) vests to the member's benefit immediately and is nonforfeitable.
- (c) (i) Upon filing a written request for exemption with the office, an eligible employee is exempt from the vesting requirements of Subsection (3)(a) in accordance with Section 49-23-203.
- (ii) An employee who is exempt under this Subsection (3)(c) is not eligible for additional service credit in the plan for the period of exempt employment.
- (d) (i) Years of service credit under Subsection (3)(a) includes any fraction of a year to which the member may be entitled.
- (ii) At the time of vesting, if a member's years of service credit is within one-tenth of one year of the total years required for vesting, the member shall be considered to have the total years of service credit required for vesting.
- (4) (a) Contributions made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a) shall be invested in a default option selected by the board until the member is vested in accordance with Subsection (3)(a).
- (b) A member may direct the investment of contributions, including associated investment gains and losses, made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a) only after the contributions have vested in accordance with Subsection (3)(a).
- (c) A member may direct the investment of contributions made by the member under Subsection (3)(b).
- (5) No loans shall be available from contributions made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a).
- (6) No hardship distributions shall be available from contributions made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a).
- 1513 (7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), if a member terminates employment 1514 with a participating employer prior to the vesting period described in Subsection (3)(a), all 1515 contributions made by a participating employer on behalf of the member under Subsection

(b) If a member who terminates employment with a participating employer prior to the vesting period described in Subsection (3)(a) subsequently enters employment with the same or another participating employer within 10 years of the termination date of the previous

(2)(a), including associated investment gains and losses are subject to forfeiture.

- (i) all contributions made by the previous participating employer on behalf of the member, including associated investment gains and losses, shall be reinstated upon the member's employment as a regular full-time employee; and
- (ii) the length of time that the member worked with the previous employer shall be included in determining whether the member has completed the vesting period under Subsection (3)(a).
- (c) The office shall establish a forfeiture account and shall specify the uses of the forfeiture account, which may include an offset against administrative costs of employer contributions made under this section.
- (8) The office may request from any other [qualified 401(k)] plan under Subsection (2)(b)(ii) any relevant information pertaining to the maintenance of [its] the plan's tax qualification under the Internal Revenue Code.
- (9) The office may take any action [which in its] that in the office's judgment is necessary to maintain the tax-qualified status of [its] the office's 401(k) defined contribution plan under federal law.
- 1536 Section 19. Effective date.

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This bill takes effect on July 1, 2022.